MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2012 series

5070 CHEMISTRY

5070/32

Paper 3 (Practical Test), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2012 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



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(a) Titration 1

8 marks **Accuracy**

For the two best titres give:

- 4 marks for a value within 0.2 cm^3 of supervisor 2 marks for a value within 0.3 cm^3_2 of supervisor
- 1 mark for a value within 0.4 cm³ of supervisor

Concordance 3 marks

Give:

3 marks if all the ticked values are within $0.2\,\text{cm}^3$ 2 marks if all the ticked values are within 0.3 cm 1 mark if all the ticked values are within 0.4 cm

1 mark Average

Give 1 mark if the candidate calculates a correct average (error not greater than 0.05) of all his/her ticked values. [12]

Assuming a 25.0 cm^3 pipette and a titre of 24.6 cm^3 .

(b) concentration of sulfuric acid in P

$$=\frac{25.0\times0.08}{24.6\times2}$$
 (1)
= 0.0407 (1) [2]

(c) moles of sulfuric acid that reacted with carbonate

- (d) moles of carbonate that reacted with sulfuric acid
 - = 0.0593(1)[1]
- (e) relative atomic mass of M

$$=\frac{5.04-60}{0.0593}(1)$$

= 24.9 [1]

[Total: 17]

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2 R is ammonium aluminium sulfate

Test		Notes
General points For ppt allow solid, suspension, powder		
For gases Name of gas requires test to be at leas Effervesces = bubbles = gas vigorous		
Solutions Colourless not equivalent to clear, clea	ar not equival	ent to colourless
Solution R		
Test 1 (a) white ppt (b) soluble in excess colourless solution	(1) (1) (1)	
Test 2 white ppt soluble in excess colourless solution	(1) (1) (1)	
Test 3 gas turns litmus blue ammonia	(1) (1)	to score ammonia mark there must be an indication of the gas e.g. 'smell of ammonia', 'pungent gas', 'alkaline gas', 'tested with litmus'
Test 4 white ppt insoluble in excess	(1) (1)	
Test 5 turns red	(1)	accept pink
Test 6 effervescence turns limewater milky carbon dioxide	(1) (1) (1)	to score carbon dioxide mark there must be some indication of the limewater test e.g. 'tested with limewater',

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Test 7 effervescence 'pops' with a lighted splint hydrogen		(1) (1) (1)		gen mark there m i test e.g. 'popped ourning splint'	
Test 8 (a) white ppt (b) remains in a	cid	(1) (1)			

[19]

 Al^{3+} (there must be a white ppt which is soluble in Test 1 **and** insoluble in Test 4) (1) NH_4^+ (at least 1 mark must be scored in Test 3) (1) H^+ (Test 4 correct or effervescence in Test 6 or 7) (1)

 SO_4^{2-} (Test 8 correct in both **(a)** & **(b)**) (1)

[4]

[Total: 23]